

# Idiopathic Intracranial hypertension

Classic IIH

IIH without papilledema

Fulminant IIH: - Patients meeting the criteria for a precipitous decline in visual function within 4 weeks of diagnosis of IIH.

Sixth nerve palsy **Present**

diagnosis of IIH can be made if B-E are met

Sixth nerve palsy **Absent**

Diagnosis of IIH can be **suggested** even in the absence of 6th nerve palsy with normal neurological examination along with fulfilling criteria C-E and at least three of the following neuroimaging findings are present.: 1. Empty Sella. 2. Flattening of the posterior aspect of the globe. 3. Distension of the peri optic subarachnoid space with or without a tortuous optic nerve. 4. Transverse venous sinus

A. Papilledema

B. normal neurological examination except for 6th nerve palsy

C. Neuroimaging: Normal brain parenchyma without evidence of hydrocephalus, mass or structural lesion, and no abnormal meningeal enhancement on MRI.

D. Normal CSF composition.

E. Elevated lumbar puncture opening pressure ( $\geq 25$ cmH<sub>2</sub>O CSF in adults).

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